

Wise

(Continued from A-1)

accuser. He is seeking \$18 million in damages, accusing police investigators and prosecutors with violations of his civil rights stemming from his arrest and trial. His lawuit is acheduled for trial in March.

His chief adversary, former

March.
His chief adversary, former
San Bernardino police detective
Donald J. Meyer, sits behind bars.
He was arrested last weekend in
Las Vegas in connection with a
bungled Caesars Palace casino
robbery and shootout.
For San Bernardino police, the
Wise case is an open book. While
no detectives work actively on the
investigation, murder cases are
never closed, said Lt. Paul Bashaw. "Leads come in all the
time," he said. "And the two
youngsters could easily turn up."
But police have had only one
lead in the last six months, he
said. And while he wouldn't discust the substance of the lead, it
was apparent it hadn't panned
out. Moreover, he said he would
be "hard pressed to say when"
they'ne had a sighting of the missing children.
The children, Brandi Jondell children. The children, Brandi Jondell

ing children. Brandi Jondell Summers, 5 at the time of the murder, and her half-sister, Tilfani Wise, then 2, were at the heart of the case from the start.

Late on the afternoon of March 30, 1977, Norton Air Force Sgt. Claude Wise, 28, returned to his home at 1506 E. Alto Drive. He found his 8-month-old daughter, Stacey, alone in a hallway. The body of his wife, Beverly Wise, 28, was slumped in a living room chair with a single, fatal stab wound in her chest.

Her other two daughters were nowhere to be found.

Beveriy Wise was described by friends as an outgoing woman, fond of ceramics and planting, cook, But the case quickly focused on the missing girk, particularly Brandi, who was afflicted with cystic fibrosis and needed medication to digest food property.

Brandi, who was afflicted with cystic fibrosis and needed medication to digest food properly.

Photographs of the cute, bright-eyed youngsters were widely circulated.

The search for the girls was joined by psychies, hypnotists and the FBI. More than 200 people were interviewed.

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joined by psychics, hypnotists and the FBI. More than 200 people were interviewed.
From the start, investigators sought a man seen putting one of the girls in a two-tone gold, Camaro-type car outside the Wise house. The man's description seemed to fit Beverly Wise's exhaushand, Roy Summers. He was Brandi's father. Summers, an itin-erant farrier, and Beverly Wise were married for several months in 1971. But they had had no apparent contact after 1973.
Police located Summers in Utah a couple of days after the slaying and cleared him of suspicial content of the start of the start of the start of the will be sufficient to the start of the

'I feel like they're our kids. Ev-"I feel like they're our kids. Ey-crybody feels that way. I'm not going to be satisfied until we get those girls. That's the goal. God help all these people involved) if something happens to the kids." Meyer, then 43, seemed a self-confident, ambitious detective. He was assigned to the case a year after an unsuccessful attempt to unuseat longitume. San Bernardino

nseat longtime San Bernardino Jounty Sheriff Frank Bland. It was the first time in Bland's 23 ears in office that he had been

pposed.

Meyer's campaign centered on
hat he said was a high crime
tte. He contended criminals were
chinging the county's criminal



Roy Summers, left. and De tective Donald Meyer, in 1980 photo.

mers himself in the case

mers himself in the case.

A month later, in December 1979, Summers was formally charged with the Wise murder skidnapping. At the time, he was in Oregon, accused of the attempted murder and kidnapping of his mother, Loucylle Herman, and his then-wife. Connie, whose arm he allegedly broke.

From court records, a picture.

From court records, a picture nerged of Summers as a vio-

stingedly broke.
From court records, a picture emerged of Summers as a violence-prone alcoholic who had been married seven times and been married seven times and served a prison term in 1960 or 1961 in a kidnapping and assault case.
While the Wise investigation continued, Summers was tried in Oregon. His mother defended him, but his wife maintained that he was experienced of middle-meanor assault and sentenced to a year in jail.
Meanwhile, Meyer and other investigators crisscrossed the county interrogating witnesses. They repeatedly found people who said they had seen the missing chidren with Summers, has sixer of acquaintain california.
Based on San Bernardino police investigation, five of Summers' acquaintainces were arrested in 1960. Day care operator Juanita Iwakiri was arrested in Igelo. Day care operator Juanita Iwakiri was arrested in Igelo. Day care operator Juanita Iwakiri was arrested in Igelo. Day care operator Juanita Iwakiri was arrested in Igelo. Day care operator Juanita Iwakiri was arrested in Igelo. Day care operator Juanita Iwakiri was arrested in Igelo. Day care operator Juanita Iwakiri was arrested in Igaho as an accessory to kidnapping. Lee Casner of Cedar Ridge and his sister in-law. Vivian Casner, were arrested as accessories. Vivian Casner is Juanita Iwakiri's sister.

ff, were arrows and a state of the sister wakiri's husband. Michael, was arrested in connection with false testimony to the San Bernardino County grand jury.

In some respects the accusations seemed harsh, and the grand jury proceedings in the midst of a police investigation were unusual, but law enforcement officials said it was all part of a strategy to pressure the suspects into revealing the whereabouts of the children.

The ethics of these investigative tactics were later argued in the Summers murder trial. Before that, however, Lee Casner, while maintaining his innocence, agreed to a plea bargain and pleaded guilty to concealing and pleaded guilty to concealing evers probation and six months in jail, which he already had served. Juantia I wakiri, who also maintained her innocence, was tried and found cultiv of kidapping

Juanita Iwakiri, who also main-nianed her innocence, was tried and found guilty of kidnapping for hiding Tiffain Wise. She was sentenced to five years, but later granted probation after four months in prison as well as two years in and out of courtrooms and jails. Charges against the others— event Summers—were dropped. also main-was tried

except Summers — were dropped. Summers was extradited and brought to San Bernardino in June 1980.

During his preliminary hearings later that year, Summers' court-appointed attorney. Timonthy Guhin, put police on trial. He characterized the police probe as a wilful and malicious investigation that disregarded other leads while concentrating solely on Summers. He questioned whether the children had ever been positively identified. He accused investigators of intimidating witnesses and withholding information.

nesses and withholding information.
It was not an unusual tactic for a defense attorney to attack a police investigation.
But Guhin said Summers also had an alibt. Laeila Tulin-Bower, Summers' griffriend in 1677 said worked with her brothers all the next day — the day Wise was slain.
Further, she suggested police.

Turther, she suggested police impropriety, saying she had noted that he of Surca and in an in the propriety and an in the saying she had noted that he of Surca and an in the saying she had noted that he of Surca and an in the saying she saying she say it to detective Meyer in May 1960. But Meyer didn't show the calendar to attorneys or the court until after her testimony.

Tullis Blower and another witness testified they had been threatened and harassed by Meyer and his partner, McDonald.

Challenging the purported sightings, Guhin said investigators used 1976 photos of the missing girts, so sightings three or four years later, when the children had grown, were worthless. He suggested another scenario for the Wise slaying, He said it may have been drug-related and that Beverly Wise was a drug dealer.

While Municipal Court Judge John Kennedy agreed Summers seemed to have a persusive alibi, he said there was enough of a case to order Summers to stand trial.

When Summers went on trial in June 1962, the case against him included a map found in the Wise house and traced back to Tullis-Bower, the alleged sightings of Summers swith the missing kids, and incriminating statements Summers supposedly made to cellmates and police.

Further, Deputy District Attorney Michael Smith said Summers had reparedly expressed his harmonic for the murder. And Smith argued Summers had kidnapped the children because they witnessed the slaying.

Guhin, in Summers' defense, hammered repeatedly at what he viewed as unethical police tactics.

When Tullis-Bower was questioned about the map found in the Wise house that showed markings of a route into Utah — where Summers was later located — she testified that Meyer had threatened to lock her up when she told him she was uncertain if the map was hers.

She had confessed to investiga

She had confessed to investiga-tors the map was hers, but only after she was told falsely by police that her fingerprints had been found on the map.

For the prosecution, Tullis-Bower's son recalled that Sum-mers arrived in Utah on March 31.
He said he and Summers watched an Errol Flynn movie together that night.

A woman positively identified

A woman positively identified the map as belonging to Tullis-Bower.

Bower.
One of Summers' cellmates testified that Summers made incriminating statements about Wise's death and the girls' disappear-

ce. A dozen witnesses testified by saw Summers with the two missing girls.

But Guhin again and again
and questions about the credibi-

But Gunn again and again arraised questions about the credibility of the sightings and the ethics of investigators. Under his questioning, Juanita Iwakiri admitted she lied to investigators about caring for the missing girls. She said her admission came because of her fears of Meyer. "I would have said anything to get him to leave me alone," she said.

The testimony of another proecution witness was disallowed be-cause of the way she was shown

photos of Summers. In what Judge Hyde was later

The Beverly Wise murder case What happened: MARCH 30, 1977; Cli MARCH 30, 1977: Claude Wise finds his wife, Beverly, stabbed to death and their children, Brandl and Tiffanl missing. Brandl and Tittaal missing. Roy A. Burmares, (Beverly's ex-husband, is questioned in Utah and later cleared of suspic The search for the children includes 200 interviews. Sightlings are made in three states 1979: Police reopen the case and assign two investigators. Obnaid Mayer and John McDo to the case. Summers is named as a prime suspect. 1880: Summers is extradited to San Bernardis from Oregon for a preliminary hearing, during the prime from Oregon for a preliminary hearing, during 3 from Oregon for a preliminary hearing, during which he attacks the investigation as willful and malicious. malicious. 1962: Summers goes on trial. Donald Meyer resigns midway through. 5 DEVERLY WISE Bend: Summers lived here until extradition to San The victims Afterward: Where it perjury investigation of Meyer but the DA's office found happened but the DA's office found insufficient evidence. Summers filed an \$18 million lessuit against the police, city and county of San Bernardino. It comes to trial in March. Meyor was arrested in Las Vegas Jan. 6 in connection with a robbery and shooting. The children are still missing. IDAHO The children have been sighted in these states NEV. BRANDI SUMMERS TIFFANI WISE

to describe as "icing on the cake" for Summers' acquittal, two witnesses testified they saw Summers at Tullis-Bower's home on March 29, 1977 — and they had photocopies of the rental car agreement to confirm their visit.

They said they told Meyer, but he dropped the matter. Other winnesses testified they worked with Summers in Utah, and one presented payroll records to sub-

Summers in Utah, and one pre-sented payroll records to sub-stantiate the testimony. In the middle of the trial, Mey-er resigned from the Police De-partment, after 14 years on the force and 23 years in police work. No explanation was given, except to say he was going into private investigation.

investigation of the trial, he was At the end of the trial, he was called to stuffy. Meyer admitted he lies Tullis-Bower to get her Burther, he said he made only one call to verify whether Summers worked in Utah on the day of the slaying. But he didn't reach the man who hired Summers and never made another call.

Meyer testified he gave erroneous information to the grand
jury in quoting Tullis-Bower to
say Summers had told her he had
planned to kill Wise, when she
never made such statements.
Moreover, he had testified that
witnesses had identified Summers
from photos, when they hadra't.
Summers also testified. He admitted being an alcoholic. He said
he thought Beverly Whe was an
unfaithful wife, an unfit mother
and a drug dealer. But he denie
the murder-kidnappings.
The trial ended in October
1982, after hearing testimony for
4'a months from nearly 100 witnesses.

Jurors found Summers not guilty after 14 hours of deliberation and only one vote. Jurors later harshly criticized the police investigation, saying detectives were so obsessed with convicting Summers they had selectively discrepanded evidence of his innocence. One juror described the case as a near farce of the judicial system. And several termed the

investigation a waste of taxpayer

investigation a waste of taxpayer money.

The case cost the city and county nearly \$750,000 - making it the most costly in city history.

Nine jurors later called for a perjury investigation of Meyer. The district attorney's office was later to find insufficient grounds to prosecute him.

Meanwhile, Summers, his sisters and the Casners filed an \$18 million suit in 1983 against law enforcement officials, the city and county for alleged civil rights violations stemming from their arrests and trials.

Named in the suit were former

rests and trials.

Named in the suit were former Police Chiefs Warren Cocke and Ben Gonzales, former District Attorney James Cramer, former Deputy District Attorney Joseph Carly Summers first prosecutori, and nine former and present police investigators including Meyer, McDonald, Earnest Tull, Ronald Sarp, Terry Wood, Dale Roberts, Michael Maudsley and Donald Levan.

